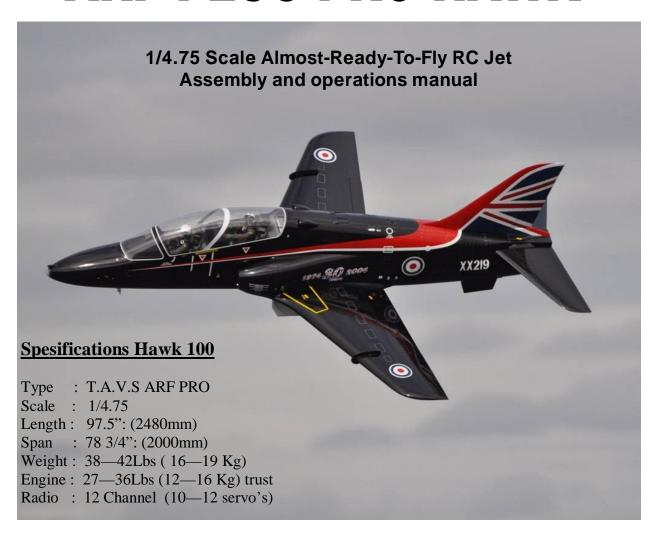
ARF PLUS PRO HAWK



The Bae Hawk T1 and Hawk 100 by Skymaster

Thank you very much for purchasing our Skymaster ARF PRO Hawk . Please note that the photos in this instruction manual show certain views from the prototypes. The instruction manual is same for T1 and 100 models. Some modifications and upgrades might have taken place by the release of the model. We have tried to produce a very scale replica of this classic jet. This manual describes the assembling of "PRO" model. Speed brake, Landing gear and doors are factory installed. Before you start building and setting-up your aircraft, please make sure you have read this instruction manual, and understood it. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact us. Below are the contact details:

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Index:

INTRODUCTION	3
DISCLAIMER WARNING ARF PAINT FINISHING YOUR WHITE VIPER ARF HANDLING & TRANSPORTING LIVE HINGE	3 4 5 5
TOOL LISTHEALTH	
GENERAL ASSEMBLY TECHNIQUES	
RADIO EQUIPMENT & ACCESSORIES	8
KIT CONTENTSOPTIONAL PARTS	
CONTROL LINKAGES	12
WINGS	12
STABILIZERS	15
FIN & RUDDER	16
FUSELAGE	18
TAILPIPE	19
FUEL CELLS	19
FUEL DIAGRAM	20
AIR SYSTEM	21
AIR DIAGRAM	22
TURBINE INSTALLATION	23
COCKPIT & CANOPY	24
EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION INTO THE HAWK ARF	25
BEFORE YOU FLY	26





INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing Skymaster arf pro Hawk! We have put a lot of effort and time into this model. We at Skymaster strive to be a market leader in the ARF— jet market. We were the first company to produce ARF—jets in the world and we would like to continue being amongst the best. Although we have made every effort that this model was fit for shipping, we would like you to inspect the contends and call your nearest dealer immediately if any defects or missing parts are spotted! This manual will allow you to duplicate the factory prototypes.

LIABILITY

You have acquired a kit, which can be assembled into a fully working R/C model when fitted out with suitable accessories, as described in the instruction manual with the kit. However, as manufacturers, we at Skymaster are not in a position to influence the way you build and operate your model, and we have no control over the methods you use to install, operate and maintain the radio control system components. For this reason we are obliged to deny all liability for loss, damage or costs which are incurred due to the incompetent or incorrect application and operation of our products, or which are connected with such operation in any way. Unless otherwise prescribed by binding law, the obligation of the Skymaster company to pay compensation is excluded, regardless of the legal argument employed. This applies to personal injury, death, damage to buildings, loss of turnover and business, interruption of business or other direct and indirect consequent damages. In all circumstances our total liability is limited to the amount which you actually paid for this model.

BY OPERATING THIS MODEL YOU ASSUME FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR YOUR ACTIONS. It is important to understand that Skymaster, is unable to monitor whether you follow the instructions

contained in this instruction manual regarding the construction, operation and maintenance of the aircraft, nor whether you install and use the radio control system correctly. For this reason we at Skymaster are unable to guarantee, or provide, a contractual agreement with any individual or company that the model you have made will function correctly and safely. You, as operator of the model, must rely upon your own expertise and judgment in acquiring and operating this model.

WARNING

This 'jet' aircraft is a high-end product and can create an enormous risk for both pilot and spectators, if not handled with care, and used according to the instructions. Make sure that you operate your Viper according to the AMA rules, or those laws and regulations governing model flying in the country of use. The engine, landing gear, servos, linkages and control surfaces have to be attached properly. Please use only the recommended servos and accessories. Make sure that the 'Centre of Gravity' is located in the recommended place. Use the nose heavy end of the CG range for your first flights. A tail heavy plane can be an enormous danger for you and all spectators. Fix any weights, and heavy items like batteries, very securely into the plane. Make sure that the plane is secured properly when you start the engine. Have a helper hold your plane from the nose before you start the engine. Make sure that all spectators are far behind, or far in front, of the aircraft when running up the engine. Make sure that you range check your R/C system thoroughly before the 1st flight. It is absolutely necessary to range check your complete R/C installation first WITHOUT the engine running. Leave the transmitter antenna retracted, and check the distance you can walk before 'fail-safe' occurs. Then start the engine, run at about half throttle and repeat this range check. Make sure that there is no range reduction before 'failsafe' occurs. If the range with engine running is less then with the engine off, please DON'T FLY at that time. Make sure that your wing spar tube is not damaged. Check that the anti-rotation dowels for the wings are not loose. Check that the wing, stab, fin and nose retaining bolts are tight. Please don't ignore our warnings, or those provided by other manufacturers. They refer to things and processes which, if ignored, could result in permanent damage or fatal injury. Secure the plane before starting engine.





ARF Paint

The color finish on your Skymaster Hawk arf pro model was applied out of the mould. We have used only the highest standard automotive paints to finish your model.

Should you damage the finish, Skymaster stock the color paint and hardener required for the repair. A good automotive spray painter should also be able to mix and supply the correct samples for repair.

If you have no experience in the use of these paints, it will be best to seek assistance.

Do not leave your model unprotected in the sun! always cover your model or park it in the shade. Extreme temperatures will damage the paint!

Finishing Your All White HAWK ARF PRO

It is always best to fully assemble the model before painting. By doing so no damage or glue prints will ruin the paint.

The all white model will have some release agent on the surfaces.

Use #1000 wet and dry paper to sand the entire model. Mould lines can be sanded and filled using normal automotive fillers.

Please be extra careful when sanding near the hinge line! The hinges can easily be damaged. When masking and painting please make sure the control surfaces are not bend past 90—180 degrees extensively. This will cause the hinges to crack and may cause flutter.

The rudder and clear canopy are not installed. It is best to install these components after painting was done.





HANDLING & TRANSPORTING

Composite models are very light but strong. These characteristics do have a down side! It is brittle.

Take care when handling your model. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO PICK UP AN FULLY FUELED MODEL BY THE LEADING EDGE BY YOURSELF! The leading edges will crack and delaminate. Full size jets have specially marked access points for the hooks of cranes!

Inspect your model before and after a rough landing. Make sure all parts are safe and sound.

Inspect model before and after transport. A sudden stop can easily cause an unnoticed dent!

The wings and tails are very flight worthy structures. They are light and extremely strong, however, they will dent if mishandled. Always support these structures on clean soft foam rubber.

LIVE HINGE

Skymaster utilize this system of hinging control surfaces because it is a very strong hinge system and is accomplished at the factory.

Occasionally, because of climatic changes, the bottom surfaces may "catch" or interfere with control travel surface actuation. Should this happen, use a fine abrasive strip to further bevel the L.E. of the control surface.

CAUTIONS: Do not apply any primer or paint to the underside of the main surface trailing edge.

Prior to each flight, check that the ailerons and elevators actuate properly, up and down.

Inspect the live hinges on a regular basis. If some cracks occur please repair asap with special hinge tape available from Skymaster or its dealers.



Assembly & Operation Manual

Tools and Adhesives Tools etc:

This is a fairly quick and easy plane to build, for a jet model, not requiring difficult techniques or special equipment, but even the building of Skymaster aircraft requires some suitable tools! You will probably have all these tools in your workshop anyway, but if not, they are available in all good hobby shops, or hardware stores like "Home Depot" or similar.

- 1. Sharp knife (X-Acto or similar)
- 2. Allen key set (metric) 2.5mm, 3mm & 5mm
- 3. Sharp scissors, curved type for canopy
- 4. Pliers (various types)
- 5. Wrenches (metric)
- 6. Slotted and Phillips screwdrivers (various sizes)
- 7. Drills of various sizes
- 8. Battery drill and Dremel tool (or similar) with cutting discs, sanding tools and mills
- 9. Sandpaper (various grits), and/or Permagrit sanding tools (high quality recommended)
- 10. Carpet, bubble wrap or soft cloth to cover your work bench (most important!)
- 11. Car wax polish (clear)
- 12. Paper masking tape
- 13. Denaturised alcohol, Acetone, or similar (for cleaning joints before gluing)

Adhesives:

Not all types of glues are suited to working with composite parts. Here is a selection of what we normally use, and what we can truly recommend. Please don't use inferior quality glues - you will end up with an inferior quality plane, that is not so strong or safe. Jet models require good gluing techniques, due to the higher flying speeds, and hence higher loads on many of the joints. We highly recommend that you use a slow cured epoxy for gluing highly stressed joints, like the hinges and control horns, into position and the most commonly used is 'Aeropoxy' (Bob Violett Models, USA). The self-mixing nozzles make



it easy to apply exactly the required amount, in exactly the right place, and it will not run or flow onto places where you don't want it! It takes about 1 - 2 hours to start to harden so it also gives plenty of time for accurate assembly. Finally it gives a superb bond on all fibreglass and wood surfaces. Of course there are many similar glues available, and you can use you favorite type.

- 1. CA glue 'Thin' and 'Thick' types. We recommend ZAP, as this is a very high quality.
- 2. ZAP-O or Plasti-ZAP, odourless (for gluing the clear canopy)
- 3. 30 minute epoxy (stressed joints must be glued with 30 min and NOT 5 min epoxy).
- 4. Aeropoxy/Loctite Hysol 3462 or equivalent (optional, but highly recommended)
- 5. Epoxy laminating resin (12 24 hr cure) with hardener.
- 6. Milled glass fibre, for adding to slow epoxy for stronger joints.
- 7. Micro-balloons, for adding to epoxy for lightweight filling.
- 8. Thread-locking compound (Loctite, or equivalent)

At Skymaster we try our best to offer you a high quality kit, with outstanding value-for money, and as complete as possible. However, if you feel that some additional or different hardware should be included, please feel free to let us know.









HEALTH

Use a mask (available at auto paint stores) to protect from inhaling the glass or carbon fiber dust. Use this mask whenever you are sanding or cutting fiberglass or carbon fiber materials. Use a charcoal filter paint mask (available at auto paint supply stores) when spraying any primer or paint. Spray out of doors or in a properly vented spray booth. Use safety glasses any time rotary tools, such as Dremel cut-off disc or Perma-Grit cutters, are being used.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY TECHNIQUES

We recommend to wax the model before assembling. This will help protect the finish from an epoxy finger print. Wax will not help for CA glues! Extra glue, extra paint, extra resin will add up to a heavy model. Plan before you glue! The glass cloth side of parts to glue, should be sanded with #80 grit paper for best glue adhesion.

Support the fuselage on foam pads.

Skymaster makes every attempt to insure that the parts fit. However, due to manufacturing tolerances, some parts may fit a little tight. Always trial fit parts and adjust if needed.

Only use high quality adhesives such as the ZAP products from Pacer Technology.

For extremely high stress areas we recommend "Aeropoxy." It is the strongest and best gripping adhesive we have found.

If fuel or grease are on the surface, first clean with acetone or thinners.

Clean off all excess glue—excess glue is excess weight.

Always check the outside skin of the model to look for any glue residue and remove it with Acetone before it cures. "Aeropoxy" is tough to remove once it has thoroughly cured.





Radio equipment

Failure to use the recommended servos, output arms, extensions, and hardware may result in a loss of control!

Throughout this manual we make use of various types of servos and radio equipment! We have used JR equipment during the installation process. If you make use of another manufacturer, please use equipment with similar specifications!

The Hawk will require extension leads! Please use high quality extension leads. Make use of ceramic non ferrite cores if leads exceeds 1 meter.

The trend nowadays is to use dual battery management systems and dual RX equipment. With the introduction of 2.4 Ghz even quad RX systems are considered as normal for a jet model.

Always center and install the correct output arms while on the bench, once the servo is in the aircraft access to the servo arm screw is sometimes limited. The JR Matchbox makes this task very easy. Some power boxes also include this servo matching function.

Do not save any money when buying radio equipment. The price of servo's are far from the price of replacing the entire model.

REMEMBER: The best equipment is only as good as the weakest link. Ask yourself if this servo or link or lead etc is worthy of my trust to protect my very large investment...

Accessories

The full size Hawk main gear doors are always closed. Accept when retracting. A special air or electronic sequencer is needed for this option.

- 1. 2 DS8711 servo's for the elevator.
- 2. 1 DS8511 for rudder.
- 3. 2 DS8511 servo's for ailerons
- 4. 2 DS8711 servo's for flaps
- 5. 1 JR8511 steering servo.
- 6. 3 Standard JR577servos for Landing Gear, Door and Wheel Brake valves or check next line.
- 7. 1 Airpower EV5U valve + 1 x EV2U valve for landing gear + doors + brakes
- 8. 1 EV2U valve for speed brake
- 9. 1 JR Matchbox for flaps or Powerbox Royal with build in matchbox function.
- 10. Pneumatic support set for landing gear (air tubing, valves, Tee's, fill valves, air tanks etc.)
- 11. Turbine motor, with thrust range between 12kg and 16kg, with ECU, fuel pump, battery and solenoid valves, mounting strap etc. One of the common choices is the JetCat P160sx.
- 12. Fuel tubing, Hopper tank (or BVM UAT), festo fittings, fuel filters, fuel tube clamps etc.
- 13. Cable ties in various lengths. Cable management parts, Aluminum tape, safety clips etc.

Did you understand everything in this manual completely? Then, and only then, let's start assembling your Hawk.. If not, please read it again before you start the assembly.

Kit Contents

Assembly & Operation Manual



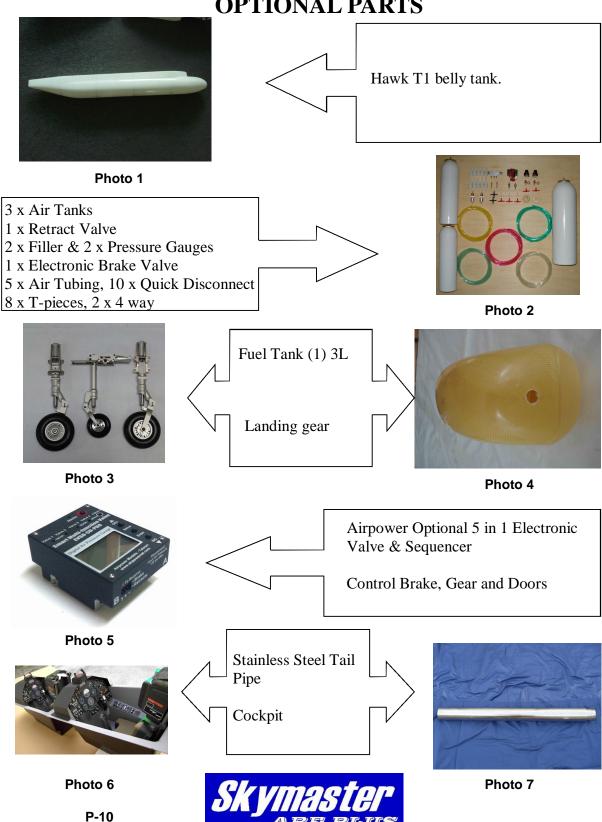
Hawk ARF PRO Contents:

- 1. Right wing including L/G + Doors installed. Include flap + aileron (HL004)
- 2. Left wing including L/G + Doors installed. Include flap + aileron (HL005)
- 3. Hawk100 wingtip left(HL003) right (HL002)
- 4. Fuselage front including nose gear + door installed. Including door cylinders installed + canopy (HL011)
- 5. Fuselage rear including main door + speed brake installed. Including 2 + 1 cylinder + hatches (HL010)
- 6. Fin + Rudder (HL012)
- 7. Stab incl machanics (HL001)
- 8. Hawk100 pylons left (HL006) right (HL007)
- 9. Hawk100 missile left (HL008) right (HL009)
- 10. Alluminium main spar (HL015)
- 11. Hawk100 drop tanks left (HL013) right (HL014)

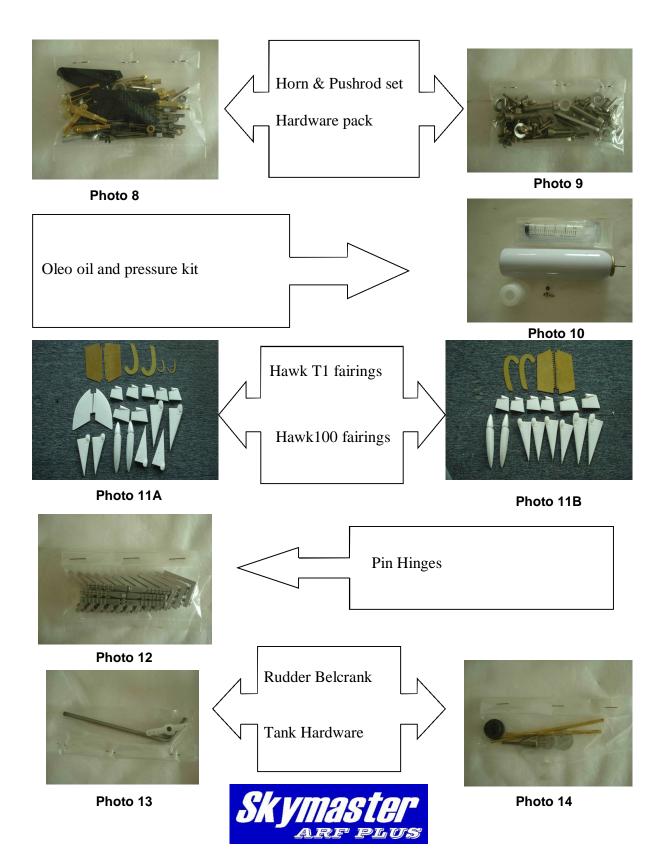


Assembly & Operation Manual

OPTIONAL PARTS



Assembly & Operation Manual



Assembly & Operation Manual

CONTROL LINKAGES



Flaps: 110mm (2)

Aileron: 85mm (2)

Elevator: 65mm (2)

Rudder: 100mm (2)

Steering: 55mm

Photo 15

WINGS

NOTE: Make sure to have some sort of protective foam on the work bench. This will protect the paint surface from unwanted dents. Assemble both wings simultaneously. Mark $\sqrt{\ }$ each step.

- ☐ Check operation of Landing gear and doors.
- Remove factory self tapping screws and replace with high quality screws.
- ☐ Inspect landing gear blocks. Make sure all



Photo 16



parts are glued.

- ☐ Fit quick disconnects to air line.
- ☐ Tighten all screws on wheels.
- ☐ Check the operation of brake
- Locate flaps, hinges and fearings.
- Remove and mark servo covers and inspect plywood. Use dremel to clean out some glue and ply to make sure servos will fit well.

Photo 17

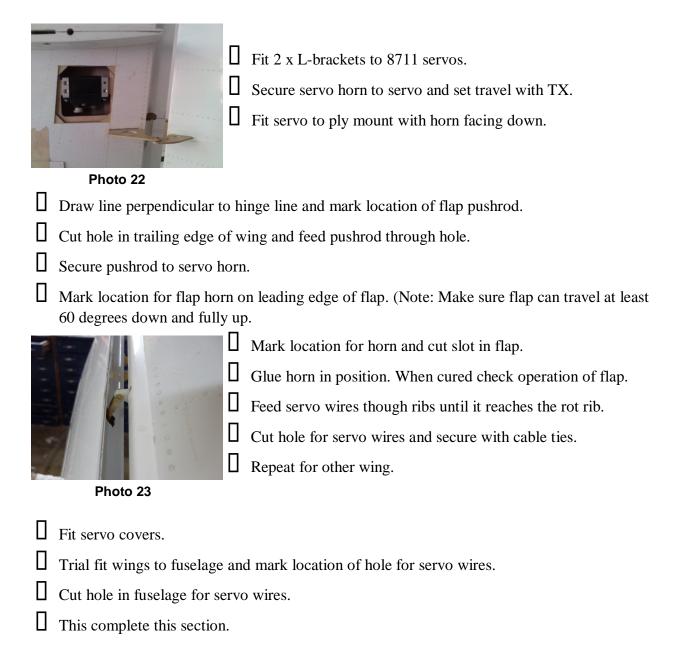


Assembly & Operation Manual

Photo 18 Draw a line perpendicular to Mark off area for aileron horough Glue horn in place.		
Photo 20		Fit pushrod. Mark location for fearing and secure in position. Mask flap in position. Check that slots for flap hinges line up. Pivot point must be where leading and trailing edge meet. Cut slots if not happy. Use 30 minute epoxy to glue flap hinges. Make sure all of points line up in straight line.
	of fla	ap hinge. Do not remove all three together. (First complete the fearing before moving to next one. This will make sure ps stay aligned. Slide fairings over hinges. Note large fairing is centre fairing. When happy glue fairings in position. Check operation of flap.



Assembly & Operation Manual





Assembly & Operation Manual

STABILIZER

<u>NOTE:</u> Make sure to have some sort of protective foam on the work bench. This will protect the paint surface from unwanted dents. Mark $\sqrt{\ }$ each step.



Fit 4 x L-brackets to 2 x 8711 servos. Servo's mirror image of each other.
Fit servo horns and adjust travel and sub-trim with TX.
Check that all bolts of elevator bearing blocks are tight. Use lock nuts and loctide needed.
Bolt elevator horn to elevator. Use lock nuts.
Bolt elevator to bearing blocks mounted to fuselage. Use lock nuts.
Make up to identical elevator pushrods. Use bearing mount pushrods.
Fit pushrods to servo horns and elevator horn.
Use AMP—meter to setup neutral position and travel. Make sure servo's do not fight each other.
Fit sliding discs over elevator brace.
Fit servo cover and guide discs between sliders. When happy secure cover and sliders with 2mm screws

if



Assembly & Operation Manual

Ц	Check operation of elevator.
	Make sure no slop and binding in system
	Run servo wires together in harness.

NOTE: Make sure no wires can touch tailpipe. Touching tailpipe will melt wires and create short circuit. This will lead to crash.

FIN & RUDDER

NOTE: Make sure to have some sort of protective foam on the work bench. This will protect the paint surface from unwanted dents. Mark $\sqrt{\ }$ each step.



Photo 25

Ц	Slide belcrank wire through tube.
	Cut flat sections into wire with Dremel. Secure belcrank to wire. Use loctide on grub screws.
	Fit servo to plate. Centre servo horn.
	Fit push pull pushrods to belcrank.
	Make sure no slop in system.



Assembly & Operation Manual

belcrank.

Trial fit fin to fuselage.

Glue pin hinges to rudder.

When cured glue rudder to fin.

 $\hfill \Box$ Fit fin and rudder to fuselage.





Clamp fin to fuselage. ☐ Check movement of rudder—check for any slop. Slop will cause flutter and will brake fin. This complete this section.

 $\hfill \Box$ Trial fit rudder to fin. Check clearance on

☐ When happy remove fin and rudder.



Photo 27



Photo 28



Assembly & Operation Manual

FUSELAGE

Make sure you have a good stand for fuselage. You will need to assemble the rest of the Hawk on this stand.



Remove the tank from rear fuselage.

Locate the 4 x M5 bolts and washers for fuselage.

Align fuselage and secure with 4 bolts. Check fit all around seem for sound joined.

Photo 29

- Route servo wires and air lines from speed brake neatly along inner skin of rear fuselage to nose.
- Make sure no air line & servo wires can come in contact with hot parts of turbine and pipe.
- ☐ Turn fuselage upside down and remove the nose retract unit.
- ☐ Install JR DS8511 steering servo and centre servo.
- Refit nose retract unit with good quality screws.
- Operate unit and check operation. Close the door and check clearance all around wheel.



Photo 33

- Locate the slots for ventral fins next to speed brake.
 Mask off area and glue fins in position.
- For Hawk 100 additional fins are located in front of elevator. Mask off area and glue fins in position.



Photo 34





Photo 30



Photo 31



Photo 32

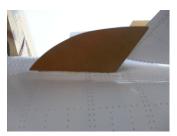


Photo 35

Assembly & Operation Manual

TAIL PIPE

- Dril holes in mounting lugs of tail pipe.
- Make 90 degree bend in each mounting lug.
- Slide tail pipe through hatch into position. Note: The rear of pipe must just exit the rear former by 10mm.
- ☐ Mark location of screws on turbine rail.
- Dril pilot holes for self tap screws.
- Secure pipe in position and glue end of pipe with silicon glue to former.
- ☐ Glue bellmouth with silicon glue.



Photo 36

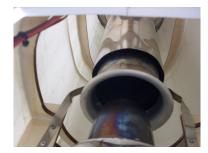


Photo 37

FUEL CELL

- Rinse the fuel tank and check for leaks.
- Make up fuel line clunk. Make sure clunk moves freely and reaches all corners of inside of tank.
- Fit to tank. Mark pipes for "inlet" and "outlet".
- Install tank by screwing tank to tank mount.
- Plumb tanks using diagram on next page.
- Fill tanks and check for leaks.
- Drain tanks with fuel pump and check no air bubbles in system until last drop is drained. A good plumbing will secure good turbine operation.

NOTE: In addition you can use BVM tank fitting kit. Such fittings are shown in picture 37.



Photo 38



Photo 39

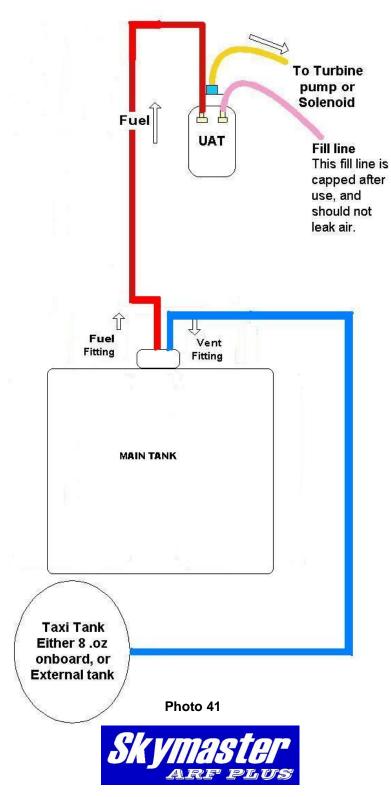


Photo 40





FUEL CELL DIAGRAM



Assembly & Operation Manual

AIR SYSTEM There are 2 options available for the air system: Mechanical or Electronic. For mechanical you will need 4 x 2 way and 1 x 1way valve with 5 servos and sequencer. For electronic you will need 1 x EV5U and 2 x EV2U.



Photo 42



Photo 43



Photo 44

- Glue the air tanks with silicon glue.
- I have glued the smaller tank underneath fuel tank and the larger tank underneath the turbine. Both centre in the fuselage.
- The 1 large tank is for operation of gears and Doors and the smaller tank for brakes.
 - You will require an additional tank for operating the speed brake. Glue this tank next to big tank underneath turbine.
 - Fit the 3 filler valves and 3 pressure gauges onto accessory tray.
- Plumb the landing gear, door and brake system by using color air tubing. T all same color tubing together until a single pipe emerge. Fit electronic EV5U valve in front main tank.
 - Route all 5 pipes to EV5U.
- ☐ Plumb speed brake.
- Secure 1 x 2way electronic valves adjacent to EV5U. This will be for speed brake.
- The air system will consist of :
 - Air up, Air down retracts (2)
 - Air up, Air down doors (2)
 - Air out brakes (1)
 - Air up, Air down speed brake (2)
 - Air in (3)
 - Total of 10 pipes
- Air leaks can damage your model! Please do a thorough check for air leaks. Make sure the system can hold pressure for at least an hour in the up and down position.
- Do not rush this installation.



Assembly & Operation Manual

For scale functions on L/G you will require additional 2 way electronic valves. The main doors in the fuselage will stay close before and after retraction. This can easily be programmed together with EV5U.



Photo 45 2 way

AIR DIAGRAM

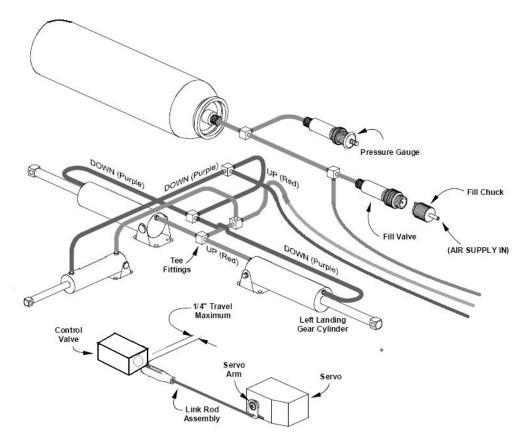
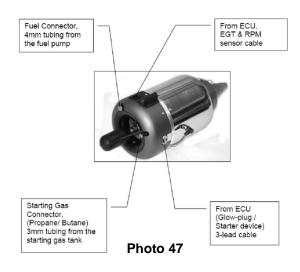


Photo 46 Diagram for retracts



Assembly & Operation Manual

TURBINE INSTALLATION



- Please follow the instructions supplied with your turbine.
- Secure turbine to turbine rail via hatch at bottom of fuselage. Leave gap of 25mm between NGV and tailpipe.
- Run all turbine wires and power cables on opposite side of servo wires.
- Always secure all wires in harness. I would suggest you install a FOD. This will save you money in the long run.
- Install fuel pump close to UAT. We recommend to make use of a mechanical shut off valve as well.
- Secure all Festo pipes with cable ties. Make sure fuel filter and gas canister are mounted vertical.
- Install NiCad or Li Po battery in nose. I always put a fuse holder inline with power cable.
- ☐ A bypass always looks good and improve the aerodynamics of model.

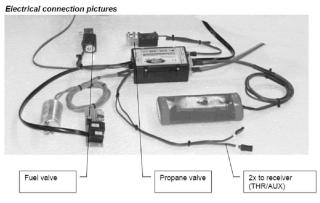


Photo 48



Photo 49



Assembly & Operation Manual

COCKPIT AND CANOPY (after painting)

- Trace the shape of canopy and cut to fit. Glue with canopy glue. (only for white ordered model)
- Trial fit cockpit and cut to fit.
- $\ \square$ Glue cockpit to canopy frame.



Photo 50



Photo 51



Assembly & Operation Manual

EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION INTO HAWK

Equipment installation is a personal venture. There is one golden rule: Do it as neat
and logical as possible! This will make fault finding and service of components eas-
ier. The Hawk basically consist of 6 circuits!

- 1. Servo wires
- 2. Power cables
- 3. Data cables
- 4. Pneumatic pipes
- 5. Fuel pipes
- 6. RX cable / Satellite Receivers

Please try and separate these circuits as far as possible. It is advisable not to run RX cables near any kind of electrical fields. Make all switches and filler valves and charging sockets easy accessible.

The Hawk will come out tail heavy if you do not plan installation. It is very important
to install all equipment as far forward as possible.

- I have installed 2 x RX + 2 X ECU batteries in front of nose gear. This is weight of 1.2 kg together.
- I have installed a UAT in front of main tank. This will always be full of fuel and will help with the final adjustment of CG.
- The accessory tray must be mounted as low as possible to accommodate cockpit floor.







Photo 53





BEFORE YOU FLY

It is assumed that the builder of this kit has acquired the basic skills and knowledge necessary to make a safe and functional radio control installation into a model. Therefore, these notes are intended only to assist that experience.

When inserting the main spar into wing, make sure it only enters the amount required. If you can slide complete main spar into 1 half of wing, it means the stopper were removed. Please measure correct distance for main spar and secure spar so that it does not slide more to one side than other. It must be symmetrical to both sides.

Travel adjust measured at root. Use Expo to suite your style.

1.	Elevator	40mm	2.	Rudder	25mm
3.	Aileron	18mm	4.	Flaps take off	30 degrees
5.	Flaps landing	45 degrees		•	_

NOTE: Make sure flaps travel same. Flaps should be deployed in landing circuit only below 90mph. On prototype flaps and slats were mixed together. If you require separate operation a separate switch will be needed.

CG	190mm—200mm from leading edge at root. Empty tanks, UAT ful and wheels down. The CG can be changed to best fit your flying style. A forward position is safe and nose heavy configuration. Lot of elevator needed for take off and turns. WARNING: Do not move CG back unless you are experience and have some feel of model before!
Weight	Dry weight will be between 36 and 42 lbs depending equipment.
PSI	80—100 psi for pneumatic system
Power	Make use of battery management system. Double up on batteries and make sure all wired can carry current needed to operate.
TX RX	Do a complete range check before flight. Do this with turbine running. Follow manufacturers instructions.
Speed	Set the maximum speed to 180mph! The prototype were tested with Jetcat P-160 turbines. More powerful turbines require extra care and extra reinforcing.
Timer	A timer can safe your model. Get into the habit of programming the timer.





Take-Off

Do some taxi tests before your flight! Make sure you are familiar with all settings and make sure the model track straight on the ground without rudder input.

Choose a fine day for the maiden flight. Do not force a maiden flight! Murphy will visit you!

Select take off flap or flight mode 1 and open throttle. Gently pull back on stick 30m down the runway. Raise the flaps and gear at safe altitude and let the model sit on rails.

Slow Flight

Most of the first flight should be utilized to get familiar with the slow speed flight characteristics. Select the flaps to the takeoff position; there should be no pitch change. Extend the gear and select full landing flaps; adjust the power to maintain level flight and a speed of about 80—90mph.

Climb to a safe altitude and slow the model to the edge of a stall to know where that edge is. NOTE: DEPLOYING OF FLAPS AT HIGH SPEED WILL PUT THE HAWK IN NOSE DOWN ATTITUDE. ELEVATOR CONTROL WILL BE LOST. ONLY DEPLOY FLAPS AT LANDING SPEEDS.

Landing

Fly a complete circuit before landing. Approach from the downwind side and lower the LG. Fly a complete circuit getting use to the power required. On the next circuit lower the flaps. If you have a headwind be very careful not to get below the power curve on the downwind side. Do not use speed brakes for landing on maiden. When you are happy and more experienced the speed brakes will slow model down faster.

Align the model and use throttle to control the descent! The elevators will stay very active even at low speed. Flare the model just before touch down. Let the model roll out and apply brakes. Nose high landings are easy with a very effective stab.

Taxi back and do necessary adjustments to customize Hawk for your need!

We at Skymaster wish you many happy flights with your Hawk! Add some scale options like drop tanks and landing lights to compliment a very fine model.

Anton Lin and Skymaster Team!

